

Virginia Democrats nominated Jas. E. Massey for lieutenant governor, and R. A. Ayers for attorney-general.

Hoon Wilson and W. R. Rodes, offer \$100 reward for the capture of two thieves who recently stole two horses from them at Mexico, Mo.

A diary containing an admission of murder and incendiarism in the United States, found among the effects of a man arrested in London on a criminal charge, is an unpleasant addition to his already bad record.

Lords Churchill and Idlesleigh remained away from the banquet to the ministers last night. The belief among the British and Indian troops will be sent to Candahar despite protestations to the contrary.

This story of attempted congressional bossism in Missouri is being continued. It will be concluded along with a number of congressmen when the people are let in with the red fire in the last chapter.—St. Louis Republican.

A woman named Williams of near Lawrence, Kansas, married a man named Dave Honeysucker, since then, they have until recently, lived in Sherman, Texas. The woman has returned to Kansas of late and reports that Honeysucker under different aliases has married five other women beside herself all of whom are living.

A very destructive fire occurred at Bowling Green, Mo., last Saturday night which consumed about \$30,000 worth of buildings and goods upon which there is a partial insurance. The fire is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

PARIS, Mo., Dec. 17, 1884.—I have been feeding Clark's Hog remedy, and it has done splendid work. My hogs had a bad cough, but are already so much better. I consider the remedy far superior to all other remedies which I have used, that I shall want to use it, and will try to induce others to use it.

C. M. Hann, breeder of Poland China Hogs.

While a sick man at a hospital in Kansas City was dying last week, his wife, who had been absent from the room a few minutes, on her return, found that her dying husband had been robbed of \$300 in money and \$1,100 in notes—taken from his vest pocket. Everyone in the room, including one of the doctors, was searched, but the stolen treasure was not found.

The employees of Thayer & Faust's commission house in Chicago are reported as being greatly lost Saturday, when opening a case of newly received eggs as they supposed, where eggs ought to be, to find chickens that had been hatched while being shipped to market. This is a new departure in finding poultry for market.

The worms have damaged corn of this year's growth where the same had produced corn last year. This is suggestive to the farmer of the propriety of rotation in crops. Even on the prairie where corn has followed clover the corn is looking remarkably well. Better have less corn planted and more bushels harvested. This can be done by change of crops and good preparation of the soil.

The Globe-Democrat says: "The suppression of the rebellion in the Northwest has cost the Canadian Government \$2,000,000, besides a number of valuable lives. It comes rather expensive to rectify the errors of misgovernment, but it seems to be a sort of experience that must be gone through. Our Indians cost us much more than that every year, so we cannot be hard on our neighbors. But it does seem to every one who has never tried it, that some system of government might be devised that would be less costly and more satisfactory in results."

The dispatches indicate that Gen. Sheridan's trip to the Indian Territory, have developed some rich steals on the part of the Indian agents. He is reported to have discovered that the Cheyenne and Arapaho agency where there ought to have been 6,000 Indians, rations were furnished to but 3,500; or in other words the agents were getting pay for 2,500 more rations than they furnished to these agents annually from this steal at this one agency. It may be that the same sort of a steal has been conducted elsewhere for three many years.

Col. N. A. Grubbs, of Brunswick made a pleasant call last Monday during the session of the County Court. Col. Grubbs was for many years a highly respected citizen of Keytesville, having settled here in 1833 and continued to live here till 1864 when he moved to Brunswick, and has since made his home there, though he says Keytesville is still very dear to him. He was the architect of the first court house built in Keytesville. This house was erected in 1834, and was burned by fire in 1864. When Col. Grubbs came to Keytesville he found the following named persons living here, or if not here at the time of his coming they are now deceased. With the exception of

tion of Mr. J. V. Black who lives with Fred Clark, near Indian Grove, so far as he knows Col. Grubbs is the only one of the so hardy pioneers living. James Key to after whom the town was named, had a small store and built the saw and grist mill. J. B. Anderson, Edgar Florey, who kept hotel in the log cabin; Edward Florey, Jack Florey, a blacksmith; Dr. David Petticrew, Mordica Lane, Wm. Breeze, a saddler; Geo. Breeze, a carpenter; Elder Felix Redding, "Old Master," W. R. Redding, J. W. Redding, H. W. Allen, W. J. Talbot, Mr. Shankster, Peter Lawson, blacksmith; Mr. Chrane, who was a Swede a potter by trade, and father of several well-known and highly respected citizens by that name who live north of Keytesville, Sam Gardner, blacksmith; Andrew Walker, at one time Sheriff of the county. The one time Sheriff, Alonzo, and three brothers, Alonzo, John Black, Squire McDonald, a tailor; Buck Penick, Peter Isle, wagon maker; John Doss, a hatter; and Albert Carter. The following reminiscences are in Col. Grubbs' own words: In 1833 there were living in Bowling Green prairie but six families, to-wit: A. Hicks, John Doxey, Ben Williams, John Whitesides, Dr. Kerr and Geo. W. Shephard; on the bluffs at the same time lived the families of E. Trent, Capt. Browder, A. Sportsman, Daniel Ashby, N. Marsh, Charles Isle, Cato Usher, Wm. Dalton and Reuben Grady. Going north from Keytesville there was no house under 20 miles. Old Fed Bembreck lived at what is now called Rothville. North of that wild animals roamed at will; Deer, black and grey wolves, catamounts, panthers, etc., were plentiful. There was no Brunswick, Glasgow nor Linneus then. Old Charlton was then the Capital of these diggings. This was then the best country on earth, inhabited by the best people of the old time style. With the exception of five or six still living in the country these noble specimens have passed away and have entered upon another inheritance. I say peace to their ashes. Of those living I mention John P. Williams, Capt. Heryford, Charles Isle, Joe Ellison and John Black. These are all of the old stock now living that I can call to mind. I must tell you an anecdote that occurred when Old Charlton was a capital. An old friend of mine drove a fine ox to town to barter for goods. As was customary in primitive times in this country Joe walked into Glasgow's store and told his business. They inquired how much he asked for his beef, he answered \$18.00, oh, that is too much answered the purchaser, well, Joe said he would split the difference and make the price \$17.00, but as he had been offered nothing the difference when split proved to be \$9.00. While the trade was going on Joe had placed his hat on what he thought was a box, it proved however to be a box stove, the first he had ever seen, when the trade was completed he reached for his hat and found it half burned down. Surprised and chagrined at the loss of his hat, he said d—n such a box as that. Of course the merchant gave him another hat. In 1834 or 1835, Isaac Browder and Polly Wood were married. The boys gave them a charivari at the house located on the ground where John C. Miller now lives. During this charivari a man named Williams was blown up and killed by the explosion of a four pound charge of powder put up in paper and wrapped with several bed cords. Several pieces of the rope used were found after the explosion a half mile from the place. In 1833, Goodman Oldham was killed in the Redding tavern. M. Lane, H. Lane and Geo. Walls were arrested, as parties to the murder, H. Lane and Walls were discharged and M. Lane was held for trial; he was finally cleared. Get John P. Williams to tell you the corn story on old Eli Williams. I omitted to mention the old settler James Leeper Sr., the man who killed Big Harp, the outlaw in Kentucky, with a three groove rifle. Many of the old settlers have seen the gun. Also the name of Layton Sisk, the man who with a neighbor of his captured the old she panther and sold her to a yankee for the 160 acres of land situated eight miles north of Keytesville, upon which Mrs. Wortham lived and died. Leeper settled what was afterward known as the Vivada Harper farm now owned by Louis Grotfian. Sisk settled the farm now owned by Robert Duff three miles farther east of Keytesville. Martin Palmer settled the farm on Palmer's Creek east of Brunswick. Ben Cross settled the old Hudnell farm now owned by Sam Carter, the County Surveyor, then moved to Grand River and started Cross' Ferry.

ICE CREAM served at Hansmann's restaurant on the night of the dance.

PARTIES wishing refreshments can procure cakes, ice cream, lemonade, etc., at Hansmann's restaurant on the night of the dance, August 7th.

These are Solid Facts.

The best blood purifier and system regulator ever placed within the reach of suffering humanity truly is Electric Bitters. Inactivity of the liver, biliousness, jaundice, constipation, weak kidneys or any disease of the urinary organs, or whoever requires an appetizer, tonic or mild stimulant will always find Electric Bitters the best and only certain cure known. They act surely and quickly, every bottle guaranteed to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. Sold at fifty cents a bottle.

W. C. GASTEN & CO.

A GRAND EXCURSION

At Wonderfully Low Rates to the Chautauqua of the West.

On Thursday, August 6, 1885, the Wabash route, in connection with the Central Iowa and C. M. & St. P. railroads, will run a grand excursion to Clear Lake Iowa, from all stations on line between St. Louis and Kansas City and Moberly and Albia. The rates have been reduced to so low a figure as to place it within the reach of all to spend a week or two at this delightful summer resort, known everywhere as the "Chautauqua of the west." The Sunday School Assembly will be in session until August 10, with daily exercises of the most interesting character. On the 12th the grand musical festival will be open, continuing until the 21st. The best musical talent in the west will be present, and daily concert of vocal and instrumental music will be given for the entertainment of the visitors. A special feature will be the presence of the notorious Bill Nye—notorious as the funniest man in America—who will give daily exhibitions of his humorous and social accomplishments. Besides there is good fishing, boating and bathing, cool, delightful weather, and ample accommodations for everybody, at the most reasonable prices charged at any summer resort in America. First class board and sleeping apartments can be secured in advance by applying to F. J. Bush, President of the Cerro Gordo Bank at Clear Lake, Iowa. Rates from \$1 to \$2 per day.

By special arrangement with the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry., persons holding round trip tickets for this excursion, will be able to visit Spirit Lake and Lakes Okoboji, the famous resorts of Northwestern Iowa, at the remarkable rate of only \$3 for the round trip from Clear Lake.

The Wabash ticket agent at this or any other station, will take pleasure in furnishing rates, tickets and full information to all desirous of joining the excursion. The tickets will have a sufficient limit to enable passengers to see and enjoy every thing before returning home.

SALISBURY DEPARTMENT.

BY A. W. JOHNSON.

Mr. Johnson is authorized to receive and accept for Subscriptions, and any Advertisements handed to him will receive our prompt attention.

Some of Jas. Wayland's appreciative friends shipped him a fine setter dog one day last week, but for some unaccountable reason, Jim is not happy. The dog wags a funny light suit of summer clothing and was otherwise jauntily attired, and since his advent into our city, common curs have disappeared. Salisbury can boast of one fine dog, which Jim says is of the Mexican variety, and is a natural parr.

Mrs. McGirk and family, who have been visiting friends here for some time, left on Monday for their home in West Indies. The heart of one young man it is said went along with them, while the original possessor remained in Salisbury. If Barnum wants a heartless man now, we can furnish him.

The moonlight sociable given by Wm. Martin and the Smart brothers at the residence of the latter, Saturday night was a very pleasant affair, and was attended by a number from town.

We don't like to tell tales out of school, but the junior of the P-S is in love, (having caught the disease from the senior) and we are sorry to say his is a very bad case indeed. He vainly imagines every one can detect it and blushes all the time.

The dedicating services of the Christian church passed off pleasantly last Sunday. The debt to be raised was \$175. When the list of subscriptions was footed up, there was found to be \$275, lacking ten cents. This will enable us to buy a bell. The grateful thanks of the church are extended to all who contributed on this occasion. Services on the first Lord's Day in each month. All are cordially invited to attend.

Thieves broke into the hardware store of George A. Jones, Sunday night and carried off a lot of knives, razors, pistols, etc. The cash drawer was broken open and the change carried off. The loss is not large. No substantial clue to the thief.

Elders, Davis, of Vernon, Smith of Holden, and Shirout of Glasgow officiated in dedicating the church.

We noticed Milton Ferguson in town Monday with his optic in a sling, but failed to learn what caused it.

J. M. Robinson's residence will soon be ready for occupation.

He was a land buyer and Dr. Henderson wanted to sell. He would furnish a buggy and together they would visit the coveted soil. Baker & Gunn Bros. furnished the conveyance and a saloon-keeper furnished the comfort for the inner man. They started and after various adventures returned. The would be real estate purchaser coolly informed Pestus Gunn that he had no money, no friends, and that pay for the use of the buggy or breaks therein, was out of the question. Fes concluded to take it out of his hide, and seizing a good strong buggy whip, inaugurated a go-as-you-please race toward the depot, accelerating the speed of the would-be land buyer at every jump with a stinging blow of the whip. This was kept up till Straub's corner was reached, when the person distanced the pursuer and the fun for the spectators ceased. The man took a little time for the

where it is presumed he will grow up with the country. The buggy whip as an agency in the collection of bad debts has been out of use for some time, but Mr. G. has resurrected an old time custom.

In common with many others we attended the picnic given by the Union Sunday School of Pleasant Wood church, some three miles east of this place. When we arrived on the ground the schools were forming for the march and headed by the superintendents, they marched to the arbor by twos, singing "Hold the Fort." Ranks were broken at the speaker's stand, where all were seated. The choir sang a song after which all stood and were led in prayer by Rev. J. M. Gaiser. The writer in a speech of 40 minutes presented his idea of the Sunday School work and after music by the choir introduced Rev. Gaiser, who made an impressive argument in favor of the Sunday School work. At the conclusion of his speech, dinner was announced, and such a spread we have rarely ever witnessed. The table was nearly 200 yards long, and fairly groined under the weight of the eatables placed thereon. The entire crowd feasted to satisfy and an abundance was left. After dinner the crowd or at least that portion of it that desired to hear the speaking, were called together by a song by the choir and at its close, A. C. Vandiver was introduced, and made a splendid talk, but wandered a little in his remarks from the subject under discussion, to eulogize family prayer as an effective agency in church work. While we agreed with portions of his speech, no one who preceded him had the least idea of doing or saying any thing derogatory of family worship. At the end of Mr. V's speech, W. H. Bradley was introduced, and in a neat, well worded speech, while admitting that he was not a member of any church, heartily endorsed the Sunday school work, pronouncing it as the stepstone to Christianity. At a seasonable hour the people left for home well satisfied with the day's proceedings.

We are sorry to learn from the above that our correspondent misunderstood the tenor of our remarks on the occasion alluded to in reference to Sunday schools. Possibly we were unfortunate in the selection of words, but our idea was not to exalt the Sunday school above its legitimate sphere, that it could not with safety be substituted for family religion, and not family prayer; as we are quoted, "The divine command is to 'teach' these things to your children—hence this is a family affair. Nor can we be safe in substituting Sunday schools for the preaching of the word. 'Go ye into the world and preach, etc.' For these institutions, family religion and preaching, the gospel, we have 'thus saith the Lord'; they are not to be ignored. If the parent dodges the responsibility of teaching his child because the child is taught in Sunday school, or permits the child to be absent from preaching for the same reason, just so far the Sabbath school is hurtful instead of beneficial. We would make the Sabbath school an adjunct of these two institutions, this and nothing more. If we said anything to indicate differently, we did not intend it."

County Court Proceedings.

REGULAR TERM.

AUGUST 23, 1885.

All the Judges present.

Ordered that the matter of granting dramshop license to parties in Salisbury and objections thereto be heard on Thursday, August 6th. N. A. Grubbs allowed \$4 for care of pauper child. Henry Erving allowed \$10 for care and support of James M. Horton, a pauper. Ordered that \$122.50 be appropriated to repair bridge across West Fork, east of Forrest Green. Appropriation of \$352.10 to repair roads leading to Brunswick, \$175 to be paid now and the remaining \$177.10 to be paid when proof of work is shown the citizens of Brunswick and vicinity having subscribed a like amount for the same purpose. O. C. McKittick allowed \$5 for work at county poor farm. John T. Burnett allowed \$100.95 for services and agent at poor farm. P. L. Davis allowed \$4 for conveyance pauper to poor farm. Martin & Moorman allowed \$87.50 2d quarters salary as physician at poor farm. Ordered that bond of Julia F. Cook for \$100 in lieu of bond of G. M. Smith for same amount to county school fund be approved. Ordered that State Auditor, be and is hereby authorized to draw his warrant in favor of E. B. Kellogg, County treasurer the amount of the State school money apportioned to Charlton county by the State Superintendent of public schools. AUGUST 4th 1885.

Ordered by the court that the order of this court made, and entered on the 6th day of May, 1885, directing that all taxes arising from dramshop licenses on and after July 4th 1885, be set apart as a "Poor Farm sinking fund" is hereby revoked and set aside.

Rachel McKee allowed \$10 for care and support of M. A. Vandusen quarter ending August 3, 1885.

Ordered that from and after this date all allowance made to, or contracts for support of paupers outside of the poor farm be annulled and revoked, and it is further ordered that the county clerk be authorized to admit all of such paupers into the poor farm.

K. A. & G. Telegraph Company granted privilege to run their lines into and establish a telegraph office in the Court House, provided, however that the insurance companies in which the court house is insured give their consent.

Samuel McClarren allowed \$15 for support of the Moss children for quarter ending August 3, 1885.

C. W. Bell allowed \$205 salary as Prosecuting Attorney to August 1st, 1885.

Ed Lippincott, allowed \$10 for support of self for quarter ending August 1st, 1885.

Francis Depta allowed \$20 for 6 months support of F. Depta, a pauper.

J. T. Dewey allowed \$8.75 for repairs to vault in county clerk's office.

Wm. Lagrange allowed \$6 for pauper coffin.

Ordered that the personal assessment of J. W. Kernick for the year 1885, be credited with the sum of \$2400 on account of error in assessment.

F. Schwartz allowed \$5 for shoes for paupers.

F. Roebkin allowed \$6 for pauper coffin.

H. C. Hyde allowed \$10 for brick to repair vault in county clerk's office.

C. O. Courtney allowed \$4 for conveying grand jury to the poor farm.

L. D. Isbell files report of investigation into the accounts of J. E. Owen late sheriff.

M. B. Prather allowed \$4.50 for three wolf scalps and \$4.50 certified to State Auditor.

E. M. Wheeler allowed \$7.30 for supplies to poor farm, jail and court house.

J. P. Williams allowed \$136.75 repairs to Hammer bridge and services as special commissioner.

J. C. Beasley allowed \$1.50 for supplies to poor farm.

E. B. Kellogg allowed \$250 2d quarters salary, and \$36.22 express charges.

Missouri Republican allowed \$20 for publishing call for county bonds.

Insane asylum No. 2 allowed \$9.30 care of insane patients.

Insane asylum No. 1, allowed \$232.81 care of insane patients.

Applegate & Martin allowed \$12.30 for supplies to poor farm.

Scott & Parks allowed \$61.45 for supplies to poor farm.

J. G. Watterson allowed \$2.40 for cabbage plants for poor farm.

LE Cook & Son allowed \$23.20 for supplies to poor farm.

Whiteman & Vaughn allowed \$9 for supplies to poor farm, jail and court house.

John D. Butler allowed \$43.85 for supplies to poor farm.

G. A. Gritzmacher granted dramshop license in Brunswick for six months from July 4, 1885. Judge Hyde dissenting on the ground of there being no police protection in Brunswick.

Same order as to Wm. Naegle, Judge Hyde dissents for same reason.

E. B. Kellogg, collector, files statement of merchants licenses granted by him to date.

Alvin Cox allowed \$8 services rendered in assisting J. T. Burnett in taking possession of poor farm.

R. D. Edwards allowed \$300 for services in county clerk's office.

Jno. A. Lee allowed \$469.20 for services as county clerk, and \$454.65 ordered certified to State Auditor.

Vandiver & Collins allowed \$196.25 for publishing financial statement and stationery for court house.

Bond of D. B. Kellogg to school fund for \$4,000 approved.

Ordered that the report of T. T. Elliott as swamp land agent be approved and he is hereby authorized to make a personal selection as to the swamp land scrip due this county on account of indemnity.

AUGUST 23, 1885.

Ordered that \$550 assessed against Mrs. A. K. Leonard for year 1885 be stricken off tax book on account of erroneous assessment.

E. W. Price allowed \$65.03 for lumber for Hammer bridge.

Frank Hansmann granted dramshop license in Keytesville for six months from July 4th 1885.

Same order as to D. B. Kellogg in Keytesville.

Same order as to G. W. Triplett, at Triplett.

Same order as to A. Dickson, in Cunningham.

Ordered that application of J. W. Wainwright, to keep dramshop at Summer be not granted.

Ordered that upon filing, by any person or persons, a petition as required by law, signed by a majority of the tax-paying citizens of Keytesville that a dramshop license be issued by the clerk of this court in vacation to keep a dramshop at the Keytesville Fair grounds.

Now at this day comes Wm. E. Hill et al, and presenting to the court their petition praying an appropriation to grade and trestle a road across the bottom west of the city of Keytesville. Whereupon it is ordered that the sum of \$500 be and the same is hereby appropriated out of the road and bridge fund, the same to be paid upon the completion of said road.

Bond of Lewis Lattenberger to school fund for \$200 approved.

Ordered that the matter of iron bridge across Charlton river on "Plyer's Line" be postponed until next Tuesday.

F. C. Harko granted dramshop license in Dalton for six months from July 4th, 1885.

Geo. D. Barnard & Co., allowed \$118.80 for stationery.

R. & T. A. Ennis allowed \$27 for stationery.

Standard Printing Company allowed \$42.75 for stationery.

M. E. McFarland allowed \$9.75 for support of Polly Montgomery, a pauper.

T. T. Cruise allowed \$75 for services as janitor for May, June and July.

The squabble over the post-office in Keytesville reminds us very much of an anecdote told us some years since by Col. Joe Davis of Howard county. The Colonel was very fond of hunting, and after the trees had dropped their foliage in the late autumn would frequently go with a favorite colored man on a coon hunt at night. The colored man alluded to, owned a valuable dog, named Josh. Josh was good to tree coons and with a fair chance could readily dispatch his coonship in a hand to hand encounter. One night the Col. Cuffy and Josh succeeded in treening a very large coon. Cuffy soon felled the tree, but contrary to expectations the tree and the coon fell in the water. The dog at once sprang in and engaged the coon in battle. At first the fortunes of war seemed to be on the side of the dog. The negro as he stood on the bank viewed the fight in the water by the light of the waning moon. Exclaiming in high glee, "Josh is got him," "Josh is got him," "Och, I tells you Miss Joe, Josh is got him." About this time the fight had reached a crisis, and the tide of battle was going in favor of the coon, Cuffy taking in the situation, exclaimed in plaintive tones, "O Lord, Miss Joe he's got Josh," and suiting the action to the word he leaped into the water and reached Josh in time to save him from a watery grave. The coon had nearly drowned the dog, and Cuffy proved himself a friend in time of need. Our readers may make the application and supply the characters. At present we cannot name the dog, nor the coon, but may be able to do so before going to press, if so will give our readers the benefit thereof.

THE TARIFF ON WOOL.

The wool growers of this country have been in the past very inclined toward the republican party because of its obtrusive declarations that it was in favor of a high tariff on wool. These declarations were believed, especially as the tariff schedule seemed to support and confirm them. But it remained for a democratic administration to unearth and expose the great frauds that have been perpetrated upon the wool growers of the country. It has been discovered that large manufacturers of carpets at Philadelphia have been for years allowed by republican treasury and customs officials to import good grades of wool, subject to a duty of from five to ten cents per pound, at two and a half cents per pound.

This dishonest practice has been continued in the face of repeated complaints, and the plea of ignorance can not be offered as an excuse. By this system the wool growers have been defrauded of large sums of money and half of the protection they were entitled to, and the United States treasury has been robbed. It is needless to say that the present administration will put a stop to such disgraceful and dishonest proceedings, and the wool growers should not be slow in recognizing the good their supposed political enemy has done them.

This incident will serve as additional evidence to prove that a republican tariff is unjust, oppressive and dishonest. The present rate of duty on wool could be reduced one-third, and then under a democratic administration, the wool growers would receive more protection than they have enjoyed under republican misrule.

The democratic party is the true friend of all the people, woolgrowers included.—Republican.

ANDERSON & BILLS shipped two car loads of hogs to St. Louis, last Wednesday.

ORDERED BY THE COURT.

In the probate court of Charlton county, Missouri, May term 1885.

Now, at this day comes C. J. Vin, administrator of the estate of Armstead Johnson, deceased, and presents his petition to the court, praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased, as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by a true and correct list of the debts due and owing, and a list of debts due to and by the deceased, and remaining unpaid, and an inventory of the real estate, and of the remaining personal assets, and of all other assets in his hands, the whole verified by affidavit of the said C. J. Vin. On examination whereof, it is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of the said deceased, be notified that application as aforesaid has been made, and, unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next regular term of the probate court of this county, to be held in the court house, in the town of Keytesville, in said county, on the second Monday in August, A. D. 1885, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased, as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered, that this order be published in the CHARLTON COURIER, a newspaper in said county, for four weeks before the said term of this court.

A true copy of said order.

Witness, H. C. Minter, Judge of said court, at Keytesville, this 23rd day of June, A. D. 1885.

[SEAL] H. C. MINTER, Judge of Probate.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the probate court of Charlton county, Missouri, May term 1885.

Now, at this day comes George N. Elliott, administrator of the estate of G. C. Swadler, deceased, and presents his petition to the court, praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased, as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid, for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by a true account of his administration, and a list of debts due to and by the deceased, and remaining unpaid, and an inventory of the real estate, and of the remaining personal assets, and of all other assets in his hands, the whole verified by affidavit of the said G. N. Elliott. On examination whereof, it is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of the said deceased, be notified that application as aforesaid has been made, and, unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next regular term of the probate court of this county, to be held in the court house, in the town of Keytesville, in said county, on the second Monday in August, A. D. 1885, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased, as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts; and it is further ordered, that this order be published in the CHARLTON COURIER, a newspaper in said county, for four weeks before the said term of this court.

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